HOMEWORK 3: SOLUTIONS - MATH 110 INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Problem 1 What is the smallest natural number n, greater than 1, for which $(1 \times 2 \times 3 \times ... \times n) + 1$ is not prime?

Solution:

We have

1 + 1 = 2 $1 \times 2 + 1 = 3$ $1 \times 2 \times 3 + 1 = 7$ $1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 + 1 = 25$

Therefore 4 is the smallest number such that $1 \times 2 \times \ldots \times n + 1$ is not a prime.

Problem 2 Is it possible for an extremely large prime to be expressed as a large integer raised to a very large power? Explain.

Solution:

Suppose an extremely large prime p could be written as a large integer k raised to a very large power n, i.e., that $p = k^n$. Since p is prime and k is a big factor of p, we must have k = p. But then n = 1, which would not be a very large power. Therefore it is not possible to write p in the form k^n with both k and n very large.

Problem 3 Are there infinitely many natural numbers that are not prime? If so, prove it.

Solution:

The set $\{4, 6, 8, 10, 12, \ldots\}$ containing all even numbers greater than 2 has infinitely many elements and its members are all non-primes.

Problem 4 Today is Saturday. What day of the week will it be in 3,724 days? What day of the week will it be in 365 days?

Solution:

Since $3,724 = 532 \times 7 + 0,532$ full weeks will have passed and we'll be at the same exact day of the week, i.e., we'll be on a Saturday.

Since $365 = 52 \times 7 + 1$, 52 full weeks will have passed plus 1 day, so our day will be a Sunday.

Problem 5 Look up your bank code on your check. Verify that it is a valid bank code.

Solution:

My bank code is 312080941. Multiply the digits by 7,3,9,7,3,9,7,3,9, respectively, and add modulo 10. We have

 $3 \times 7 + 1 \times 3 + 2 \times 9 + 0 \times 7 + 8 \times 3 + 0 \times 9 + 9 \times 7 + 4 \times 3 + 1 \times 9 = 0$

$$= 21 + 3 + 18 + 24 + 63 + 12 + 9$$

$$\equiv 1 + 3 + 8 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 9$$

$$= 30$$

$$\equiv 0$$

Problem 6 Compute $5^{600} \pmod{7}$.

Solution:

We have

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
5^{600} &=& (5^6)^{100} \\
 &\equiv& 1^{100} \\
 &=& 1.
\end{array}$$