## HOMEWORK 4 - MATH 351 DUE DATE: After Chapter 4 has been covered! INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem very carefully before starting to solve it. A few randomly selected problems will be graded for a total of 10 points. It is necessary to show your work. GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. Given a vertex v of  $C_n$ , find e(v). Show that v has either one or two eccentric vertices, depending on the parity of n.
- 2. Find the radius and diameter of  $C_n$ . Do the same for  $P_n$ . Show that the center of  $P_n$  consists of one or two adjacent vertices, depending on the parity of n.
- 3. Let H be a spanning subgraph of a graph G. Given vertices u and v in G, show that their distance from one another in H is at least as big as in G, that is  $d_H(u, v) \ge d_G(u, v)$ .
- 4. Show that  $C(C_n) = V(C_n)$ ; that is show that the center of an *n*-cycle consists of all its vertices. A graph with this property is called **self-centered**. Find another class of self-centered graphs.
- 5. For the sequential join  $G = K_1 + K_1 + \overline{K_2} + K_1 + K_1$ , determine  $\operatorname{rad}(G)$ , diam(G), C(G) and P(G). Then show that G contains a pair of vertices that are mutually eccentric but not antipodal of one another.
- 6. Prove that the wheel  $W_{1,n}$  has a spanning tree with one center vertex also has a spanning tree with two center vertices.
- 7. Let G and H be graphs, at least one of which is not complete. Show that diam(G + H) = 2. Why must we stipulate that at least one of G or H is not complete?
- 8. Find the weight of each vertex in the graph below. Find the centroid.

9. Find all cut vertices and bridges for the graph below:

10. Find three different minimal edge cutsets of size 2 for the graph below:

- 11. Construct a graph G with  $\kappa(G) = 2, \lambda(G) = 3, \delta(G) = 4$ .
- 12. Construct a graph G with  $\kappa(G) = 3, \lambda(G) = 3, \delta(G) = 5$ .
- 13. Determine  $\kappa(G)$  and  $\lambda(G)$  for each of the following graphs: (a) The octahedron  $\overline{K_2} + C_4$  (b) The sequential join  $K_2 + K_3 + \overline{K_2} + \overline{K_3}$ . (c) The cartesian product  $P_4 \times C_3$ .
- 14. Draw the line graph  $L(W_{1,4})$ . Then find  $\kappa(L(W_{1,4}))$  and  $\lambda(L(W_{1,4}))$ .
- 15. Prove that every k-connected graph on n vertices has at least  $\frac{nk}{2}$  edges.
- 16. Prove that if G is cubic that is, 3-regular then  $\kappa(G) = \delta(G)$ .
- 17. Prove that if G is k-connected, then the join  $K_1 + G$  is (k + 1)-connected.