HOMEWORK 11 - MATH 341 DUE DATE: Monday, April 28 INSTRUCTOR: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem very carefully before starting to solve it. Each question is worth 5 points. It is necessary to show your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points.

GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. (a) Prove that $\mathbf{Z}_n \times \mathbf{Z}_m$ and \mathbf{Z}_{nm} are isomorphic rings if and only if n and m are relatively prime.
 - (b) For $a, b \in \mathbf{Z}$, let $B(a, b) \in M(2, \mathbf{Z})$ be defined by $B(a, b) = \begin{bmatrix} a & 3b \\ b & a \end{bmatrix}$. Let $S = \{B(a, b) : a, b \in \mathbf{Z}\} \subseteq M(2, \mathbf{Z})$. Show that $S \cong \mathbf{Z}[\sqrt{3}] = \{a + b\sqrt{3} : a, b \in \mathbf{Z}\}.$
- 2. (a) Show that \mathbb{R} and \mathbb{C} are not isomorphic rings.
 - (b) Show that if $R_1 \cong R_2$ then $\operatorname{char}(R_1) = \operatorname{char}(R_2)$.
- 3. (a) Find all the maximum ideals in \mathbf{Z}_{12} , and in each case describe the quotient ring.
 - (b) Let I be an ideal in a ring R. Show that M(2, I) is an ideal in M(2, R).
- 4. (a) Let R be a ring with unity 1 and I an ideal in R. Show that
 - i. If $1 \in I$, then I = R.
 - ii. If I contains a unit, then I = R.
 - (b) Let $\phi: F \to R$ be a ring homomorphism where F is a field. Show that ϕ either is one to one or else is the 0-homomorphism.
- 5. (a) Let R be a commutative ring. The **annihilator** of R is defined as follows: $\operatorname{Ann}(R) = \{a \in R : ax = 0 \text{ for all } x \in R\}$. Show that $\operatorname{Ann}(R)$ is an ideal in R.
 - (b) Let R be a commutative ring and I an ideal in R. The **radical** of I is defined as follows: $rad(I) = \{a \in R : a^n \in I \text{ for all } n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$. Show that rad(I) is an ideal in R containing I.