## EXAM 1 - MATH 490

## Friday, February 14, 2003

## **INSTRUCTOR**: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem very carefully before starting to solve it. Each question is worth 8 points. It is necessary to show your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points.

## GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. (a) Give the definitions of a **one-one** and of an **onto** function.
  - (b) Let  $f : A \to B$  be a given one-one function and let  $\{X_{\alpha}\}_{\alpha \in I}$ be an indexed family of subsets of A. Prove that  $f(\bigcap_{\alpha \in I} X_{\alpha}) = \bigcap_{\alpha \in I} f(X_{\alpha})$
- 2. (a) Give the definition of a **relation on** a set A. Also give the definition of an **equivalence relation** on A.
  - (b) Let X be the set of functions from the real numbers into the real numbers possessing continuous derivatives. Let R be the subset of  $X \times X$  consisting of those pairs (f,g) such that Df = Dg where D maps a function into its derivative. Prove that R is an equivalence relation and describe an equivalence class  $\pi(f)$ .
- 3. (a) Give the definition of a **metric space**.
  - (b) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Let k be a positive real number and set  $d_k(x, y) = k \cdot d(x, y)$ . Prove that  $(X, d_k)$  is a metric space.
- 4. (a) Define the function  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1 + x_2$ . Prove that f is continuous, where the distance function on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is

$$d((x_1, x_2), (y_1, y_2)) = \max_{i=1,2} \{ |x_i - y_i| \}.$$

(b) Let (X, d) be a metric space. Define a distance function  $d^*$  on  $X \times X$  by

$$d^*(x,y) = \max\{d_i(x_i,y_i)\}.$$

Prove that the function  $d: (X \times X, d^*) \to (\mathbb{I}\!\!\mathbb{R}, d)$  is continuous.

5. Let  $(X, d_1)$  and  $(Y, d_2)$  be metric spaces. Let  $f : X \to Y$  be continuous. Define a distance function d on  $X \times Y$  in the standard manner. Prove that the graph  $\Gamma_f$  of f is a closed subset of  $(X \times Y, d)$ .