PRACTICE EXAM 3 - MATH 112

DATE: Friday, March 19

INSTRUCTÓR: George Voutsadakis

Read each problem very carefully before starting to solve it. Each question is worth 3 points. It is necessary to show your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points. GOOD LUCK!!

- 1. Find the domain, the x- and y-intercepts, the intervals of monotonicity, the relative extrema, the intervals of concavity, the inflection points and then roughly sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = x^4 4x^3 + 5$.
- 2. Find the derivatives

(a)
$$f(x) = 4x^3e^{-x}$$

(b)
$$f(x = \frac{3^{2x-1}}{x-3})$$

(c)
$$f(x) = xe^x - x^2e^{-x^2}$$

- 3. Find the domain, the x- and y-intercepts, the intervals of monotonicity, the relative extrema, the intervals of concavity, the inflection points and then roughly sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = xe^{-x}$
- 4. Find the derivatives

(a)
$$f(x) = \ln \frac{x-2}{x-1}$$

(b)
$$f(x) = \log_5(x\sqrt{x^2 - 1})$$

(c)
$$f(x) = \ln \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

- 5. Find the domain, the x- and y-intercepts, the horizontal and vertical asymptotes, the intervals of monotonicity, the relative extrema, the intervals of concavity, the inflection points and then roughly sketch the graph of the function $f(x) = x 2 \ln x$.
- 6. Compute the indefinite integrals

(a)
$$\int \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

(b)
$$\int x(\sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}})dx$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{2x-1}{x^{2/3}} dx$$