Read each problem very carefully before starting to solve it. Each problem is worth 10 points. It is necessary to show all your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points. GOOD LUCK!!

1. Find the slope of the tangent line to the graph of $16 y^{3}+8 x y^{2}=x^{2}$ at the point $(x, y)=(4,-1)$.
2. A company produces certain electronic gadgets. The cost of each is $\$ 50$ and when $x$ gadgets are produced they are sold at the price of $p(x)=300-2 x$ dollars/gadget.
(a) The cost function is
$C(x)=$
(b) The revenue function is
$R(x)=$
(c) The profit function is
$P(x)=$
(d) Suppose that the company raises production by 3 gadgets per week. Find the rate of change of the company's profit when 50 gadgets are produced.
3. Compute the derivatives:
(a) $\left(e^{x^{5}-3 x^{2}}\right)^{\prime}=$
(b) $\left(\sqrt[3]{x^{7}+5 \ln x}\right)^{\prime}=$
(c) $\left(\frac{e^{3 x}-e^{-2 x}}{x^{2}+e^{-x}}\right)^{\prime}=$
4. An injection is administered to a patient and the concentration $C(t)$ of the active ingredient at time $t$ (in hours since the injection) in the bloodstream is modeled by

$$
C(t)=3+7 e^{-\frac{1}{5} t} \quad \text { units. }
$$

(a) What is the initial concentration of the medication in the bloodstream?
(b) If the concentration of the ingredient must not be below 5 units for it to be effective, how long will it be before a new injection is needed?
(c) What is the rate of change of the concentration 5 hours after the injection is given? (Please provide appropriate unit with your answer.)
5. Compute the following integrals:
(a) $\int\left(21 \sqrt{x^{5}}+\frac{6}{\sqrt{x^{5}}}\right) d x=$
(b) $\int \frac{5 x^{7}-3 x^{4}-17 x}{x} d x=$

