EXAM 1 - MATH 111 YOUR NAME:

Friday, February 9 George Voutsadakis

Read each problem **very carefully** before starting to solve it. Each problem is worth 10 points. It is necessary to show **all** your work. Correct answers without explanations are worth 0 points. GOOD LUCK!!

1. (a) Find the domain of $f(x) = \frac{x+7}{2x^2 - x - 15}$.

(a) Find the domain of $f(x) = \sqrt{31 - 2x}$.

(b) Let $f(x) = 5x^2 + 19x + 16$. Find the values of x for which f(x) = 20.

2. (a) Find the average rate of change of the function $f(x) = 5x^2 - x$ on [3, 3+h] and simplify.

(b) Sketch the graph of the piece-wise defined function (please, do a neat job and label all important points)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1, & \text{if } -2 \le x < 1, \\ -x + 4, & \text{if } x \ge 2. \end{cases}$$

3. (a) Suppose $f(x) = \frac{8x}{x+1}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 5}$. (i) Compute $(f \circ g)(2)$.

(ii) Compute $(g \circ f)(1)$.

(b) Suppose $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+5}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$. Calculate $(f \circ g)(x)$ and simplify.





- (a) Find the domain of y = f(x) (in interval notation).
- (b) Find the range of y = f(x) (in interval notation).
- (c) Find the intervals over which f is increasing/decreasing.

(d) Find the relative max/min points.

(e) Find the absolute max/min points.

5. (a) Starting with y = f(x), we would like to get to y = f(2x-3)-4. Fill in the blanks in the following table giving the formulas and a description of the individual transformations that are required.

$$y = f(x) \longrightarrow$$
 ()
 $\longrightarrow \qquad ($)
 $\longrightarrow \qquad y = f(2x - 3) - 4$ ()

(b) Fill in the following table giving the formulas and a description of the individual transformations that are required to produce y = g(x) starting from y = f(x).

